THE IMPENDING STRIKE.

A Sub-Committee Appointed by the Western Union to Consider the Grievances.

But Little Possibility of a Compromise and a Strike Seemingly Inevitable.

Operators Throughout the Country Ready to Leave Their Deaks at a Moment's Notice.

Excitement at Cincinnati-An Interview with One of the Brotherhood.

THE TELEGRAPHERS.

NEW YORK, July 18 .- It was announced in the morning papers that the committee of the telegraphers' brotherhood would wait on the officials of the Western Union company at 11 o'clock to-day to demand an answer to their petition, but they did not appear. There were no evidences of unusual excitement among the operators, although it was evident they were in a condition of expectancy. Every person interested was awaiting the result of the meeting of the executive committee of the directors of the Western Union company,

which was called for 12:30 o'clock. The committee of the brotherhood held a meeting early this morning, but what trans-pired then could not be learned. Cipher dispatches were received by the committee from various points stating that the operators were in readiness to leave their desks at a moment's

in readinces to leave their desks at a moment's notice. It was said that every means would be taken to render the strike a general one, for in this event only would it be successful. Mr. W. B. Somerville, of the Western Union company, said to-day that there seemed to be little possibility that the company would grant the request, and that the strike seemed to be inevitable. The demands were unjust and unreasonable, and if a strike should happen the company will fight it to the bitter end.

w. J. Dealy, the manager of the operating room of the Western Union, said he did not believe a strike would be commenced with-out mature deliberation on the part of the operators. This morning there was an un-usually large force at work in the office, numbering between 600 and 700, with only nine absentees from the regular force. The ordi-nary number of absentees was from fifteen to twenty-five. He said he had at least fifty letters from employes of the company promis-ing to stand by it in the event of a strike. There were twenty-nine chief operators in the office, each one having under him from eighteen to twenty-five men. This morning a canvass was made by these chiefs among the operators to ascertain if possible the real strength of the disaffected portions, and how large a force might be relied on in case of a large a force might be relied on in case of a strike. The first report showed that out of twenty-one operators twelve were doubtful and nine promised to stand by the company. Later reports indicated that this proportion represented the division of feeling throughout the whole force. The Wheatstone operators to a man, Mr. Dealy said, promise to stand by the company in case of a strike.

The executive committee of the directors of the Western Union Telegraph company met and adopted the following:

Resetted, That a committee consisting of ex-

Resolved. That a committee consisting of ex-Gov. Cornell, J. W. Clendenin, and John T. Terry, be appointed to inquire into the complaints of inequalities of compensation and the conditions of service of the employes of this company, if any, and report.

company, and calling attention to the exorbitant demands of that committee, was likewise discussed and warmly approved meeting did not take cognizance, in fact, of the petition, since it was held that whatever complaints the employes of the company might have to make must be made directly by them. selves to the company's officers. The sub-committee is not empowered except to make a report next Wednesday, when the full committee meets again. The composition of the com-mittee, however, is of some interest as bearing on the temper of the meeting and its fu-ture action. Mr. Clendenin, one of the mem-bers, is president of the Acadia Coal company, which has extensive mines in Pictou, N. i The miners there have been a turbulent community and have frequently indulged in strikes. Mr. Clendenin has always managed these crises and has never yielded to demands made through the medium of a strike. Ex-Gov. Cornell and Mr. Terry are also said to be sed to the strike as a means of settling wage difficulties.

The Wheatstone is a system of rapid transmission of messages and news. It has been in use for many years in England, but is comparatively a new thing in this country. The instrument will do nearly ten times the work that can be done over an ordinary wire. Should the Wheatstone operators remain and other operators strike, the telegraph company would have a considerable advantage through the use of this system. The members of the brotherhood claim that nearly all the Wheatstone men are willing to go out, while the officers of the company say that not more than two or three of the nineteen local employes, and not a large number of those elsewhere will consent to strike.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—Here, as else-where, the proposed operators' strike is the general subject of conversation. The announcement of Supt. Janes this afternoon, that matters had been arranged, created great satisfaction among the public and operators. Gen. Supt. Sabine, of the Telephone company, says the action of the Chicago linemen, will exercise no influence over employes here, as all are perfectly satisfied with their work and

pay.

It was stated authoritatively to-night that the executive committee of the Western Union Telegraph company approved the action of Gen. Eckert in his reception and treatment of the brotherhood's committee, perticularly in asking for a list of the West-Union employes the committee Union employes the committee repre-sented, and authority for such representa-tion. It was also stated that the discussion of the matter by the executive committee showed the fullest disposition to right any wrongs or grievauces of the employes exist. The committee insisted, however, that complaints and petitions should be properly presented by the employes them-

Special Dispatch. NEW YORK, July 18.—The report or sne action of the directors of the Western Union company was promptly communicated to the executive committee of the Brotherhood of Telegraphers, which has been in continuous secret session at the Manhattan hotel through-out the day and evening. During a recess late in the evening a reporter succeeded in obtaining an interview with Eugene O'Conner, of Boston, chairman of the committee. Mr. O'Conner was very of the committee, Mr. O'Connor was very reticent, and was disinclined at first to give any information to the press, stating that when their plans were definitely stated, every paper would be furnished with the same report. After some urging, he said, referring to the action of the Western Union, "The board of directors of the Western Union company seem to entirely ignore the brotherhood, but that does not alter the situation, and when the proper not alter the situation, and when the proper time arrives we shall be able to demonstrate that we have the power to take nearly every operator off and when matters are satisfac-

rily adjusted to put them back again."
When asked when decisive action would be taken, Mr. O'Connor begged to be excused from answering, and said, "As the Western Union directors have appointed a subcommit-

tee to inquire in the grievances of the Western Union employes alone, we cannot, as representing the entire brotherhood of the United States, confer with that committee." In regard to the rumor that negotiations

In regard to the rumor that negotiations were in progress for the importation of telegraphers from England to take the place of possible strikers here, a prominent member of the brotherhood said that that contingency had been foreseen, and that representatives of the brotherhood had been in communication with the telegraphers in England for nearly a year in anticipation of just such a crisis as the present. From the attitude and tone of the executive committee attitude and tone of the executive committee the belief is general that some decisive action will be taken to-morrow. In the meantime the operators are at work and business is pro-ceeding in all the offices as usual.

Special Dispatch. CINCINNATI, July 18.-Intense excitement has prevailed all day among business men as well as the operators themselves. The teleg-raphers are anxiously awaiting news of the decision of the executive committee in New

decision of the executive committee in New York, and are prepared to leave their keys at any moment. They are very reticent, but in the event of a strike, the silence which they have so vigorously observed will undoubtedly be broken, and they will then present their side of the story.

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., July 18.—Mr. Robt. Garrett, of the Baltimore and Ohio Railway company, is here, and will meet a delegation from the telegraphers' brotherhood. He declines to talk on the subject to-night.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 18.—The Chronicle says: "The demands of the telegraphers are excessive and unreasonable, and calculated to allenate from them the public sympathy, which always goes out to workingmen who have a real grievance and who ask a reasonable redress. able redress.

THE CIGAR MAKERS.

New York, July 18.—There are no new developments to-day in the cigar makers' strike. The members of the International union employed by S. Ottenberg & Bros. are at work, and unless they resign or are discharged to-day the members of the protective union will not return to work and in that union will not return to work, and in that event Ottenberg's shop and fourteen others belonging to the manufacturers' union will be locked out to-night for an indefinite period. One result of the strike, it is said, will be that manufacturers who are not members of the manufacturers' union, and whose shops will not be closed, will increase their working force. The members of the protective union say they will remain firm to their determination, and thus through their unwillingness to work with twenty-six men who, they claim, violated a promise made to them, over 7,000 persons, a few of whom are women, will this afternoon be thrown out of any lowest and fifteen clays manufactories. employment, and fifteen cigar manufactories will be closed. A lockout is confidently ex-

THE LONGSHOREMEN.

NEW YORK, July 18.—The Brooklyn long-shoremen's strike does not appear to be gen-eral, only a few beside those at Cashman & Co's, stores standing out for the increase of five cents per hour. There are about 100 men employed at the stores, and most of them have struck for the advance, giving as a reason that they cannot maintain their families on twenty cents an hour, especially when they that they cannot maintain their lamilies on twenty cents an hour, especially when they do not make full time. Green hands are in the places of the strikers. The employers say they will not yield to the demands of the

SHERIDAN'S HOUSE.

Correspondence Between the Lieutenant

General and the Chicago Donors. CHICAGO, July 18 .- The correspondence etween Lieut. Gen. Sheridan and citizens of this city who presented him with a res'dence in Washington in anticipation of his assumption of the command of the army when Gen-One of the gentlemen who attended the meeting says the sentiment was unanimous in support of the action of Gen. Eckert in his reception of the committee which called on him to present the memorial last Monday, and that his letter to Col. Clowry, of Chicago, outlining the position and resources of the committee which called on him to present the memorial last Monday, and that his letter to Col. Clowry, of Chicago, outlining the position and resources of the committee which called on him to present the memorial last Monday, and that his letter to Col. Clowry, of Chicago, outlining the position and resources of the committee will be published to morrow. The letter of presentation is signed by thirty-one prominent citizens, including Anson Slager, Marshal Field, George M. Pullman, N. K. Fairbank, C. B. Farwell, Joseph Medill, P. D. Armour, Potter Palmer, L. Z. Leiter, and T. B. Blackstone. The letter is a tribute to Gen. Sheridan as a soldier and citizen, and expresses the warm friendship of the donors. Gen. Sheridan's letter of acknowle edgment expresses high appreciation of this neighborly evidence of regard in his chosen home as commander of the department of the Missouri, and says that when he assumes his new duties the fact that his new home was presented to him by his Chicago friends will be a matter of special pleasure to him.

The Vote at Concord.

CONCORD, N. H., July 18 .- In the senatorial ballot to-day the whole number of votes cast was 324; necessary for a choice. 163. Wm. S. Ladd, Chester B. Jordan, Chas. H. Burns, Wm. C. Todd, Benjamin F. Prescott, Frederick Smyth, and James Briggs 1 each; Henry Burnham, 2; Chas. H. Bell, Daniel Hall, and Daniel Bernard 3 each; Daniel Hall, and Daniel Bernard 3 each; Jacob H. Gallinger, 4; James W. Patterson, 7; Orrin C. Moore, 11; Aaron F. Steveus, 28; Gilman Marston, 27; Mason W. Tappan, 39; Wm. E. Chandler, 74; Harry Bingham, 116. A conference of Tappan men was held tonight, at which it was decided to use every effort to secure an increased vote to-morrow. Chandler's supporters claim they will rain

Chandler's supporters claim they will gain eight or nine the next full ballot, making a total of 80. It is said Patterson will receive quite an addition to-morrow, although it is not stated from which column the votes will come. Stevens has not concluded to withdraw to-night, notwithstanding reports circulated that such was his intention. Possibly a conference may be held in the morning when the subject will be discussed and a plan of action decided upon. No material change is anticipated in Marston's column till next week, when it is rumored considerable essions will be made under a , embination with some of the other candidates. There has been some talk among the republicans tonight in favor of postponing the election to the next session of the legislature. It will not be surprising if an attempt is made to seaction if a choice is not effected

Foreign News.

PARIS, July 18 .- This morning's bulletin ouching the condition of the Count de Chambord says that the patient passed a quiet night and was apparently improved.

Berlin, July 18 .- Mr. Lennig, the German-BERLIN, July 18.—317. Lecture, willed a fel-American student who recently killed a fel-lem student in a duel near Wurzburg, has American student wine recently arrived a feat low student in a duel near Wurzburg, has been arrested in Switzerland.

LONDON, July 18.—Gen. Sir Evelyn Wood, the commander of the forces in Egypt, who had embarked at Suez for England, has re-

chance of the appearance of the cholera in ALEXANDRIA, July 18 .- The reports of the deaths from cholera yesterday are as follows: At Damietta 18, at Mansaurah 45, at Menza-

leh 42, at Samanond 22, at Chobar 11, at Cairo 17, at Chirbin 6, and at Talka 6. LoxDon, July 18,—At a special meeting to-day of the London chamber of commerce, a resolution was adopted deciaring that the question of the construction of a parallel Suez canal should be referred to a royal com-

CAIRO, July 18 .- The number of deaths from cholers in this city during the twenty-four hours ending at 80'clock this morning was 61.

The liges Court Martial.

CHICAGO, July 18,-In the Ilges court martial to-day the defense requested permission to summons Maj. Maginnis as witness. Ilges refused to state what he expected to prove by him. The request was granted, and the court adjourned to await the arrival of the witness.

The North American Saugerfest. BUFFALO, N. Y., July 18 .- At a meeting of the general convention of the North American Sængerfest now in session here Milwaukee was selected as the next place for holding the A RACE AND A ROW.

Hanlan Leaves Ross So Far Behind that He Feels Lonesome.

Courtney Accuses the Champion of Cutting His Boat and is Called a Liar.

OGDENSBURG, July 18 .- The water was rough this morning, and the outlook generally unfavorable for the great boat race. The assembled crowds looked anxiously for indications of better weather and more favorable conditions for rowing, but they did not appear. The crowds, however, did not lack for excitement. Pools were selling at \$100 to \$30 in favor of Hanlan, and the betting was fairly active. Then there were other matters of interest.

other matters of interest.

Hanlan approached Courtney at his head-quarters during the morning, and a bad tem-pered verbal row followed, in which Hanlan is said to have displayed unusual bitterness. He offered to put up \$5,000 and row Courtney a square race on any body of water in Amer-ica. Courtney kept cool, and asked Hanlan how much he had to pay for cutting his boat at Chautauqua, and, exhibiting \$1,000, offered to bet that he would crowd Hanlan to faster time at Watkins than he ever made before. During the altercation Courtney said that

time at Watkins than he ever made before. During the altercation Courtney said that if Hanlan did not cut his boat at Chautauqua, his money did it. Hanlan retorted, calling Courtney a liar and a thief.

Wailace Ross had appointed Courtney as his judge in the race to-day, and Hanlan made a formal protest to the committee against Courtney acting in that capacity.

New York, July 18.—The Turf, Field and Farm to-morrow will say: "Hanlan wrote us last week from Ogdensburg that, in a talk with Mr. Spellman about the double-scull race, both thought it better to let the race go until late in the fall. On Monday we were until late in the fall. On Monday we were surprised to receive the following dispatch

If there is nothing definite from Haulau and Lee regarding the double-scull race, please return the d posit. We are tired of waiting, and other business is proposed.

from the Halifax Rowing association

he d posit. We are three of watering, and other busines is proposed.

As Mr. Spellman is the representative of the Halifax association, it is natural to suppose that its members knew of the conversation mentioned in Haulan's letter. When the double scull race was proposed the Haligonians were aware that Haulan had arranged several races for the summer season, and the fact that he was on the eve of deciding his great race with Ross at Ogdensburg when the above dispatch was received withheld us from writing him at length upon a subject his own letter inferred he had already settled with Mr. Spellman. As soon as the Haulan-Ross event is a thing of the p st we will consult the former in reference to the double scull event, and in lieu of his not concluding a match will return the Halifax Rowing association its will return the Halifax Rowing association its

depor't.

The race was started by Referee John E. Eustis, of Boston, at 6:59 p. m. after many had despaired of having a race on account of the high wind that prevailed all day. Ross won the choice, and selected the outside of the gourse, explaining that he was afraid that small boats would interfere with him. Hanlan led off easily and kept a length ahead through the first mile, rowing 31 strokes to Ross's 30. At the one and three-quarter flag Hanlan stopped rowing, and then made 29 strokes to Ross's 28, and soon was three lengths ahead. Hanlan made the turn in lengths ahead. Hanian made the turn in seven seconds twelve lengths ahead of Ross, who occupied twenty-four seconds. On the third mile Hanian slowed up and took a drink of water. In response to a cheer from the press boat Hanian cried out: "It's lonesome out here." Ross appeared blown at this time, and George Lee pulled alongside and talked to him. Han-lan fluished the 4 miles with an easy strok-just as Ross reached the 37 flag. The official

time was:

Hanlan, fi. t half mile, 3m. 15s.; mile, 7m. 7½s.
1½ miles, 10m. 58s.

Two miles—Hanlan, 14m. 12½s.; Ross, 14m. 51s;
Hanlan, 2½ miles, 17m. 34s.; Ross, 18m. 15s. Three miles—Hanlan, 20m. 29s. Three-and-a-half miles—Hanlan, 27m. 57s.; Ross, 25m. Four miles and fin-Bh—Hanlan, 27m. 573; Ross, 25m. 45s.

Hanlan, 27m. 573; Ross, 25m. 45s.

Hanlan was fully a quarter of a mile ahead and made the fastest time on record for the distance with a turn.

The previous best record for four miles and a turn was made by Mike F. Davis, of Portland, Me., at Silver Lake, Mass., on Oct. 8, 1878 in 28 minutes 67 seconds against Pascy Regan, in 28 minutes of seconds against l'ascy Regan, who was killed the same night by the cars.

John Davis, of Toronto, was judge for Hanlan, and Charles E. Courtney for Ross. Hanlan asked as a favor that Ross would choose some other judge, but he declined to do so.

The judges at the turn were T. R. Melville for Hanlan and J. W. Forth for Ross. Official judge, W. H. Murphy. Timekeepers, F. W. Mack, of Auburn, and A. G. McVey, of Boston. Col. Metcalf was official judge at the finish. Hanlan came in so far ahead that the majority of the 15,000 people on the water and shore supposed that Ross and Lee, who were pulling together, were the contestants, and that Ross had won the race. This report was telegraphed all over the country, and an hour after the race the question was asked on the streets and at headquarters, "Who won the race?" The official signals were wrongly given for the same reason. As Hanlan drew up to the ref-eree's boat and heard the official announce-ment, he exclaimed, pointing to Coursey, "Send out that big fellow and I'll make an ex-hibition of him." Hanlan then rowed over to Ross and shook hands.

The associated press time keeper made Hanian's time for the four miles 27 minutes and 8 seconds, and Ross 28 minutes and 10 seconds. Courtney made Hanian's time 27 minutes and 2 seconds. Hanian says that the associated press time is correct. Hanlar was introduced to a large crowd in front o his headquarters by Referee Eustis. He made a brief speech, saying that he had rowed to win and did the best he could, as he had always done, and felt proud of having made the best four-mile time on record. The pools averaged 4 to 1 on Hanlan throughout the day. The race-was an easy victory for Hanlan. Nothing has been heard this evening of any challenge from Courtney. The water was quite rough, and at times the swell from the police boat washed over Hanlan's bow, causing a loss of fifty seconds. The race was admirably man-aged throughout, and the crowd, which was half Canadians, behaved excellently.

A Poor Girl's Desperate Suicide. PHILADELPHIA, July 18,-Sophia Wart-

man, 19 years of age, committed suicide to-day at the residence of her grandmother, 2334 Fairmount avenue, by cutting her throat with a razor. In April last she attempted to take her life by shooting herself with a revolver, and laid in a critical condition for a number of weeks from the wound inflicted. She informed her sister at the time that she had been ruined under promise of marriage by John Hitchcock, jr., with whose parents she lived, and that when her condition became known she was ordered to leave the Hitch-cack dwelling. She to-day procured a razor from the room of her uncle and almost severed ar head from her body.

Death to the Trade Dollar.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18 .- The produce exchange to-day indersed the action of the commercial exchange in relation to the trade dollar, and agreed to co-operate with that body in urging upon congress the redemption, retirement, or legalization of the trade

Fom Thumb's Funeral.

MIDDLEBORO', MASS., July 18.-The funeral of Gen. Tom Thumb took place this morning. Every effort had been made to have it as quiet as possible, and no display was made. The body was enclosed in a walnut casket | the secretary.

covered with broadcloth and trimmed with Masonic emblems. The plate bore the simple inscription: Charles S. Stratton, aged 45 years." The services were conducted by the years." The services were conducted by the Rev. Dr. Fairbanks, and were very brief and impressive. The May Flower lodge of Ma-sons escorted the body to the train, which conveyed it to Bridgeport. The interment will take place in Grove cemetery.

RAILROAD WAR THREATENED. An Important Conference of Railroad Managers to be Held in New York To

Day. Bosron, July 18 .- Vice President Hayden, of the New York Central railway, who has been spending his vacation in this vicinity, was recalled to New York this afternoon to attend an official meeting to-morrow. Several railway officials of this city have also been ordered to attend the meeting, and as they will go provided with procis that rate cutting has been largely carried on here, it is acknowledged upon all sides that the situation is very critical. There is but little doubt expressed that unless the rates are restored to their old status, a general reduction on both east and west bound freights will be ordered

and an open warfare of unusual magnitude insugurated.

HARRISHURG, PA., July 18.—An application was filed in court to-day by Attorney General Cassidy for a writ of quo warranto to compel the Pennsylvania and Western railroad company to show by what authority it. road company to show by what authority it exercises the franchises, rights, and privileges to construct and maintain railroads in Ly-coming, Clinton, Centre, and Clearfield coun-

ties, in this state. The writ was granted, and made returnable Sept. 11.

GALVESTON, TEX., July 18.—A special dispatch from Houston to the News says important negotiations are pending between the Gould and Huntington systems, looking to a combination for Gaight purposes between the combination for freight purposes, between the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonia sys-tem and the Galveston, Houston and Henderson lines. Details have not yet been made known, but it is said that when the combina-tion is consummated trains over the Galveston, Harrisburg and San Antonio road will run on through to Galveston over the Gal-veston, Houston and Henderson track.

An American Consul's Office Invaded by a

Mob. GALVESTON, TEX., July 18.—A special dispatch to the News from Laredo says: Dr. Campbell, the American consul at Monterey, arrived in Laredo on the fifteenth instant, leaving the consulate in charge of the Rev. Mr. Shaw. Yesterday dispatches were received, addressed officially to Cousul Campbell, notifying him that on Monday night the American consuls office was entered by a mob of Mexicans, and that Mr. Shaw was attacked and beaten nearly to death. The furniture and papers belonging to the consul were destroyed. The information has created a profound sensation at Laredo. Citizens deplore the rupture between the two governments, but consider the insult so bold that the United States must resent it. An employe of the Mexican National railway, who arrived last night, says that Mr. Shaw, after being beaten senseless, revived sufficiently to crawi to one leaving the consulate in charge of the Rev. senseless, revived sufficiently to crawl to one of the public hotels and give an account of the outrage, but in a few moments he again became insensible, and at last reports was still

Two high officials in the State department were asked last evening for further information about this matter, and as to what would probably be done about it, but both replied that they had received no official report of it, and until they did they could say nothing.

The Navy Row at Norfolk. NonFolk, July 18 .- The naval court of inquiry into the difficulty between Commodore Mayo, commander of this navy yard, and Comdr. McGlensey assembled to-day. The charges preferred by the commandant against McGlensey were read, accusing that officer and his clerk with aiding ex-Congressmen Dezendorf in making charges to the Navy department against Mayor and also that McGlensey in to the Navy department against Mayo, and also that McGlensey, in asking for leave of absence for I. N. C. asking for leave of absence for I. N. C. Cole, had represented him as a clerk, when he occupied the position of writer, thereby trying to obtain additional pay for Cole when trying to obtain additional pay for Cole when he was not entitled to it. It is further charged that McGlensey refused to deliver certain papers when ordered by the command-ant to do so. Comdr. McGlensey charges Commodore Mayo with arresting and confu-

ing him to his quarters without cause, A Stock Clearing House,

NEW YORK, July 18.—The new clearing house for stocks, under the auspices of the New York stock exchange, opened to-day for business. The only stock: that are being cleared to day are Delaware, Lackawanua and Western, Union Pacific, Western Union, and St. Paul common. The number of shares cleared up to 1 o'clock this afternoon greatly exceeded the expectations of those interested in the concern. It is expected that a number of other stocks and securities will be listed within a few weeks. The stock deliverers denounce the new institution, as it puts an end to their business.

Delegates to the Colored Convention. COLUMBIA, S. C., July 18.—The state colored convention to nominate delegates to the national colored convention met here to-day, seventy-three delegates being present. H. L. Shrewsbury, of Charleston, was chosen as president, and John Freeman, of Charleston, as secretary. A disposition was shown and several resolutions were offered and speeches made in favor of cutting loose from all political parties, but it is not thought that this view will prevail. Without action the convention adjourned until this evening. The proceedings have thus far been quiet and or-

Verdict Against an Express Company. FORT WAYNE, IND., July 18,-The case of John Studebaker & Co. vs. the United States Express company terminated in the superior court yesterday, a verdict for the plaintiff being rendered and the damages being as-sessed at \$5,475. The suit grew out of the consignment of \$5,000 to the plaintiffs from Cincinnati. When the package was opened it was found to contain blank paper, al-though the identity of the original package was proven and the seals were unbroken. A former suit against the consignees at Cin-cinnati resulted in favor of the defendants. Beath of an Alabama Claimant.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18 .- Capt. William Andrew Baillie, whose claim for nearly \$100,

000 damages from the government is now pending before the Alabama claims commispending before the Alabama claims commission, died at his residence in this city this morning. Capt. Baillie's claim is for the value of six boxes of goods which he said were shipped from London for New York, in July 1864, on the American ship Adriatic, which volssel was captured on the twelfth of August following but burned at sea by the rebel cruiser Tallahassee, together with all the valuables on board. the valuables on board. South American Telegraph Lines.

BOGOTA, July 18 .- Notice has been given that the government telegraph lines of Venezuela were opened yesterday to the frontier of Colombia, where they connect with the land lines of this government, which are in direct connection with the lines of the Cen-

tral and South American Telegraph company A New Oil Exchange.

CINCINNATI, July 18.—The Cincinnati oil exchange, with M. F. Thompson as president, organized to promote business dealings in petroleum, was formally opened to-day in oms in Pike's opera house, adjacent to the chamber of commerce. Mr. A. G. McLean is

THE PRESIDENT'S SUMMER TOUR. Some Facts that May Relieve Mr. Dana's

Anxiety-It Will Not Cost the Government a Single Dollar-The Party's Pro-

EN-MORNING! BUT P IN 150

It is denied, on the highest authority, that President Arthur's trip to the Yellowstone valley will cause any expense to the government. It is also specifically denied that telegraph lines will be erected which will cost thousands of dollars, and that one hundred and eighty horses are being provided for the party to be paid for with public funds. It is authoritatively said that the fact of the President being a member of the party will not add a single dollar to the expenses of the trip, and it is added that the amount of forage that will be saved during the absence of the government horses from their usual sta-tions will more than pay the entire cost of the

the government borses from their usual stations will more than pay the entire cost of the trip.

It is not to be a pleasure party gotten up for the benefit of the President, but an official exploration party, and the President is to accompany it as an invited guest. The exploration would be made this year in any event, regardless of whether the President accompanied the party or not. It is the custom to send out one or more parties each year to make explorations for the War department.

Last year Lieut. Gen. Sheridan, in company with a number of army officers and civilians, made an exploration of parts of the territories of Wyoming, Idaho, and Montana. They started from Chicago Aug. 1 and traveled by railway to the crossing of Green river, in Wyoming. At this point they left the railway and traveled in wagons to Fort Washakie, near the Little Wind river. After leaving Fort Washakie the party proceeded to the Yellowstone valley and to the Hot Springs, and thence as far as Billings, Mont. In November last Gen. Sheridan made a report of these explorations to the general of the army, who in turn submitted it to the secretary of war, and it has since been printed.

Several months ago Gen. Sheridan deter-

Several months ago Gen. Sheridan determined to make another exploring trip, and invited the President to accompany him. The President did not accept the invitation at the time, because he did not then know whether he would be able to go. He subsequently ac-cepted the invitation, however, and, as above stated, will accompany the party as an invited guest, but will not consent that the government shall be put to any expense by

reason of this acceptance.

He will leave Washington in time to be present at the opening of the exhibition at Louisville on the first day of August. He will then meet the party in Chicago, and they will leave that city August 3 for Fort Washakis. From this regist they will follow the will leave that city August 3 for Fort Washakie. From this point they will follow the route traveled by Gen. Sheridan last summer until they reach the Hot Springs. They will then branch off and follow the Yellowstone river as far as Shields river in Montana.

Prior to his departure for Louisville the President will make a visit of two or these President will make a visit of two or three

days to New York city. LOUISVILLE, Kv., July 18.—A telegram re-ceived to-day from Postmaster General Gresham states President Arthur, Secretaries Folger and Lincoln, and himself, will leave Washington July 30, stopping at White Sulphur Springs, Va., that night, and arriv-ing in Louisville next day. They will attend the opening of the southern exposition Aug. 1. Gen. Sheridan will met them here, and the party will then proceed to Yellowstone nark.

A LAWN TENNIS TRAGEDY.

Extraordinary Double Crime in England-An Army Officer Shoots Himself and a Young Lady.

The picturesque town of Bedford is in the greatest excitement over a thrilling lawn tennis tragedy. A party yesterday were playing lawn tennis near the Ship inn at St. Cuthbert's, tituated in the center of the town. Among the players were Mr. Devere, a young army officer and Miss McKay, an exceedingly pretty young lady 20 years of age. Suddenly and with no apparent provocation Devere pulled out a revolver and shot Miss McKay dead on the spot. Before he could be saized he put the revolver to his ear and blew his own brans out. Great excitement prevails, both parties being well known in society, and in both cases the only surviving parents are It is believed that jealousy was the widows. mot ve of the crime.

A Fair Trade in Fall Goods.

Special Dispatch.
NEW YORK, July 18,—The dry goods trade has shown a fair degree of animation to-day owing to the large representation of out own jobbers and department buyers in the market. There is rather less snap to the general demand than has cometimes been seen at the opening of the season, and buyers are taking hold cautiously, not from any lack o confidence in the maintenance of values, but ecause the hand to mouth policy pursued of late has been attended with very satisfactory results. There has been a very fair movement in such fall fabrics as prints, ginghams, dress goods, sackings, &c., and there was a steady though moderate demand for staple cotton goods by package buyers. The situation in the jobbing branches of the trade remains unchanged. Some of the large jobbers are doing a fair package business in domestics, prints, &c., and a pretty good order demand for small reassortments is reported in most with retailers on quarters, but transactions with retailers on the spot continue light as usual at this stage of season.

The Florida Ship Canal.

JACKSONVILLE, FLA., July 18 .- Gen. Chas. P. Stone, chief engineer of the Florida ship canal arrived here to-night from New York. He will personally examine three routes on which his surveyors have pronounced the con-struction of a ship canal to be feasible, and will report to the board of directors at a meet-ing to be held in August.

Presented with a Picture of Himself, ALBANY, N. Y., July 18 .- Speaker Chapin was to-day presented with a handsome life size crayon portrait of himself. It will be speaker's room adjoining the as-

sembly chamber. A Plasterer's Convention. CINCINNATI, July 18 .- The journeymen plasterer's national convention spent the day in discussing the constitution without com-

pleting the work. Home Again.

NEW ORLEANS, July 18 .- The Continental Guards returned to-day from their tour east and west. They were met by a large crowd assembled at the depot to welcome them

Ex-Gov. Harriman Ill.

CONCORD, N. H., July 18 .- Ex-Gov. Harriman was prostrated last night by a severe attack of illness. He is now in a precarious

Man Run Over This Morning.

A well dressed white man was run over by train at Highland station, about 1 o'clock this morning, on the Baltimore and Ohio railway while walking on the track, and was brought to the depot in this city in a dying condition. He was not identified, but is thought to live in the vicinity of Highland.

The Weather To-Day. For the middle Aliantic states fair in the south, pre-ceded by partly cloudy weather and local rains in the

north, rising barometer, stationary or tower tempera-ture, northwest winds. Special for District of Columbia: Slightly cooler

weather on Thursday, followed on Friday by dowly rising temperature.

Yesterday's thermometer: 7 a. m., 73.0°; 11 a. m. 97.8°; 3p. m., 81.9°; 7p. m., 76.4°; 11 p. m., 67.9°; resenting the property holders and taxpayers maximum, 82.4°; minimum, 66.2°; rainfall, .0, of the eastern part of the district—not of any

TAXPAYERS TO THE FRONT

The Property Owners of East Washington Organized for Protection.

They Will Submit their List of Grievances to Commissioners To-Day.

Unjust Discriminations that Have Been Made Against that Portion of the City for Years.

A Representative Meeting Last Night-Arraigning the Commissioners.

An enthusiastic meeting of the taxpayers of East Washington was held last night at Mc-Cauley's hall, 209 Pennsylvania avenue east. The specific object of the gathering was to receive the report of the executive committee appointed on the eleventh instant to propose a plan for the organization of taxpayers to secure more liberal appropriations for the improvement of East Washington. The spirit of the meeting, as indicated in the expressions of those present, betrayed a strong determination on the part of the people to exhaust every effort to induce the commissioners to apportion more money for streets and sewers

in that portion of the city. Among those at the meeting were noticed Col. J. A. Tait, Gen. Duncan Walker, George M. Osyter, Samuel C. H. Walker, Wm. H. Barton, M. M. McCormick, George F. Dawson, Dr. A. E. Adams, W. C. Dodge, Rev. Wm. T. Van Doren, A. M. Green, S. A. H. Marks, R. N. Green, W. B. Marche, Andrew Rothwell,

and many others. Mr.Wm. C. Dodge, president pro tempore of the organization, opened the meeting by stat-ing its object, and called on Secretary C. M. Clarke to read the report of the executive

committee.

The secretary read the report, as follows: 501 STANTON PLACE, WASHINGTON, D. C., July 16,
—At a meeting of the executive committee held
at the residence of Mr. S. C. Clarke, July 16, the
following action was taken, Mr. C. Dodge in the
chair:

Chair:

On motion, it was resolved that the chairman, Mr. Dodge, present our case before the commissioners of the District of Columbia, and that the members of the committee meet at the office of Mr. Appleton P. Clark at I o'clock Thursday, the nineteenth instant, previous to proceeding to the commissioners' room. On consultation and vote, the following was adopted for presentation to the citizens' meeting for its consideration, viz:

That the name of this organization be "The East Washington Improvement association."

That the name of this organization be "The East Washington Improvement association."

That the officers of the association consist of a president, four vice presidents, a recording secretary, a corresponding secretary, a treasurer, and an executive committee of fifteen members; that the following names be presented: For president, william C. Dodge; vice presidents, Slas C. Clarke, C. McDowell, John E. Hewell, H. E. Paine; recording secretary, C. M. Clarbe; corresponding secretary, E. B. Stocking; treasurer, George F. Harkin.

secretary, E. B. Stocking; treasurer, George F. Harkin.

That the following names be submitted for executive committee: Hon. John F. Farnsworth, Hon. H. E. Paine, Hon. W. S. Lincoln, Messra. George M. Oyster, John E. Merrell, Gen. Duncan, S. Walker, Capt. R. W. Tyler, Messra. Silas C. Clarke, J. C. Kennedy, J. N. Burnett, S. C. McDowell, Famuel H. Walker, D. W. Middleton, S. A. H. Marks, sr., L. D. Merchauls, Horatio Browning, Appleton P. Clark, Thomas W. Smith, R. L. B. Clark, Maj. William T. Perman.

It was then resolved that the secretary notify members by card of the meeting to be held at McCauley's hall on the eighteenth instant.

On motion the meeting the hadjourned.

C. M. Clark, Secretary.

Upon the reading of the report, Mr. Dodge

C. M. CLARK, Secretary.

Upon the reading of the report, Mr. Dodge stated that he would prefer to decline the presidency of the organization, but as the meeting seemed to be unanimous that he should accept he gracefully submitted, and the entire report was adopted.

Mr. Dodge then announced that a subcommit se had interviewed Commissioner Edmonds, and had made an appointment to lay the grievances of East Washington before him to-day. The complaint had been printed in pamphlet form, and, after being submitted

to the commissioners, would be published in the newspapers, and sent to every taxpayer east of the capital. At the suggestion of Mr. W. W. Curryit was formally agreed that the membership in the exociation should be confined to citizens who

actually pay taxes.
On motion, it was resolved that the secre tary furnish a list for signatures for membership, each person signing being required to pay \$1. Those present then stepped forward, signed, and paid their dollar, as follows: E. A. Pratt, S. A. H. Marks, William Smith, George Schenck, W. S. Haughton, George M. Oyster, Joseph Symanoski, W. T. Bright, Ferd. Frank, T. M. Boteler, F. A. Lehman, W. B. O'Don-nell, M. McCormick, Samuel H. Walker, C. Yunken, E. J. Adams, W. T. Van Dorrk, S. C. McDowell, R. Rothwell, A. P. Clark, George F. Dawson, Duncan S. Walker, B. S. C. McDowell, R. Rothwell, A. P. Clark, George F. Dawsen, Duncan S. Walker, B. Burnstine, W. C. Dodge, R. W. Tyler, George Doolittle, A. G. Bliss, Hugh McCaffrey, W. H. Barton, J. A. Schneider, Aug. Schoenborn, D. D. Jones, T. L. Deland, Charles A. Shields, R. L. B. Clark, J. W. Babson, John M. Shomo, R. L. B. Clark, J. W. Babson, John M. Shomo, Silas C. Clarke, E. B. Stocking, W. A. Bart-lett, W. B. Marche, J. Lee Adams, George W. McKee, T. J. McCauley, J. A. Tait, H. C. Mc-Cauley, L. W. Tolman, W. W. Currey, Madi-son Davis, Dr. E. A. Adams, George F. Har-bin, W. E. Skelly, W. Ockstadt, J. B. Walling.

On motion, it was resolved to publish a no-tice in all the daily papers notifying taxpayers of East Washington that they would be supplied with copies of the printed complaint at the office of Col. Jas. A. Tait. Dr. A. E. Adams and Mr. Geo. F. Dawson were added to the committee who are to wait

on the commissioners and present the complaint to-day. The meeting voted a resolution of thanks The meeting voted a resolution of thanks to Mr. McCauley for the free use of his hall. Mr. Geo. M. Dawson spoke in favor of urging the commissioners to use workhouse labor to work on the streets, giving some facts

and figures on the subject. Mr. Dodge favored the ides, and said the three or four hundred in the jail ought to be likewise employed.

After a motion to adjourn had been put and After a motion to adjourn had been put and carried, Mr. Dodge said he did not want those present to go away without being duly impressed with the importance of the public duty they had assumed. After demonstrating that it was in the power of the commissioners to give them more money, he said that everything depended on the influences brought to bear on those of ficials. The commissioners were responsible for the outrageous neglect of East Washington. They had left the important duties of ton. They had left the halp their office to subordinates. Lieut. Green was the man who had dictated the expendiwas the man who had dictated the expendiof East Washington should get up and go to work. Every man should arouse his neigh-ber on the subject. There had been shamebor on the subject. There had been shaine-ful discrimination, and East Washington was not only entitled to a pro rata-from now on, but to an amount which would cover that of which the tax payers had been unfairly deprived. He was satisfied that Commissioner Educades wanted to do right, but had taken the thing easy and left it to subordinates who had been improp-erly influenced. The people should take hold of the matter in carnest, and if the commissioners were so unfair as to deny them jus-tice they should appeal to a higher authority

The speaker was enthusiastically applauded and the meeting adjourned, subject to a call of the executive committee to be made

through the daily papers. FACTS AND FIGURES.

paper which the committee will file rith the commissioners to-day is entitled. Facts and figures showing the discrimination against the eastern portion of the district in relation to street improvements, &c.

The memorial opens as follows: GENTLEMEN: We come as a committee rep-